

# FSP HySpirit 5.5k FSP552PV-230H-48 PVInverter User Manual

Version: 1.0

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### 1. Introduction

This hybrid PV inverter can provide power to connected loads by utilizing PV power, utility power and battery power.

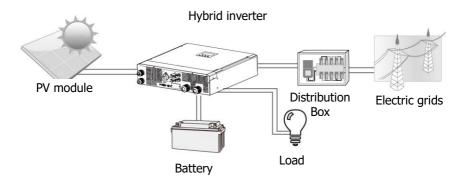


Figure 1 Basic hybrid PV System Overview

Depending on different power situations, this hybrid inverter is designed to generate continuous power from PV solar modules (solar panels), battery, and the utility. When MPP input voltage of PV modules is within acceptable range (see specification for the details), this inverter is able to generate power to feed the grid (utility) and charge battery. This inverter is only compatible with PV module types of single crystalline and poly crystalline. Do not connect any PV array types other than these two types of PV modules to the inverter. Do not connect the positive or negative terminal of the solar panel to the ground. See Figure 1 for a simple diagram of a typical solar system with this hybrid inverter.

**Note**: To conform to the EEG standard, every inverter sold to German area is not allowed to charge battery from Utility. The relevant function is automatically disabled via the software.

# 2. Important Safety Warning

Before using the inverter, please read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit and this manual. Store the manual where it can be accessed easily.

This manual is for qualified personnel. The tasks described in this manual may be performed by qualified personnel only.

**General Precaution-**

#### Conventions used:

**WARNING!** Warnings identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury; **CAUTION!** Caution identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to the unit or other equipment connected.



**WARNING!** Before installing and using this inverter, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the inverter and all appropriate sections of this guide.



**WARNING!** Normally grounded conductors may be ungrounded and energized when a ground fault is indicated.



WARNING! This inverter is so heavy that it should be lifted by at least two persons.





**CAUTION!** Before attempting any maintenance or cleaning or working on any circuits connected to the inverter, disconnecting AC, DC and battery power from the inverter can reduce the risk of electric shock. Merely turning off controls will not reduce this risk because internal capacitors can remain charged for 5 minutes after disconnecting all sources of power.





**CAUTION!** Do not disassemble this inverter by yourself. It contains no user-serviceable parts. Attempt to service this inverter by yourself may cause electric shock or fire and will void the warranty from the manufacturer.





**CAUTION!** To avoid fire and electric shock, make sure that existing wiring is in good condition and that the wire is not undersized. Do not operate the damaged Inverter or substandard wiring.



**CAUTION!** In high temperature environment, the surface of this inverter could be hot enough to cause skin burns if accidentally touched. Ensure that this inverter is away from normal traffic areas.





**CAUTION!** Use only recommended accessories from installer. Otherwise, disqualified tools may cause fire, electric shock, or injury to persons.



**CAUTION!** To reduce risk of fire hazard, do not cover or obstruct the cooling fan.



**CAUTION!** Do not operate the Inverter if it has undergone a sharp blow, been dropped, or damaged in any way. If the Inverter is damaged, please call for an RMA (Return Material Authorization) request.



**CAUTION!** AC breaker, DC switch and Battery circuit breaker are used as disconnect devices and these disconnect devices shall be easily accessible.

### Before working on this circuit

- Isolate inverter/Uninterruptible Power System (UPS)
- Then check for Hazardous Voltage between all terminals including the protective earth.



# **Risk of Voltage Backfeed**

**Symbols used in Equipment Markings** 

mbois used in Equipment	iviai kiiigs
	Refer to the operating instructions
$\triangle$	Caution! Risk of danger
<u> </u>	Caution! Risk of electric shock
<b>A</b> (2)	Caution! Risk of electric shock. Energy storage timed discharge for 5 minutes.
<u></u>	Caution! Hot surface

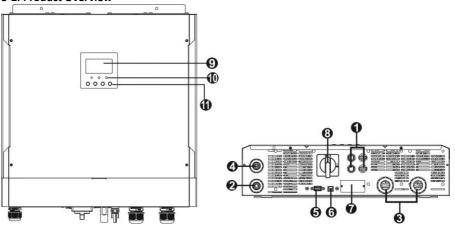
# 3. Unpacking & Overview

#### 3-1. Packing List

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should receive the following items inside of package:



### 3-2. Product Overview



- 1) PV connectors
- 2) AC output connectors (Load connection)
- 3) Battery connectors
- 4) AC Grid connectors (Connect to SPD)
- 5) RS-232 communication port
- 6) USB communication port
- 7) Intelligent slot

- 8) DC Switch (option)
- 9) LCD display panel
- 10) LED indicators
- 11) Operation buttons

(Please check section 14 for details about LCD display, LED indicators and button operation)

### 4. Installation

### 4-1. Selecting Mounting Location

Consider the following points to install the inverter:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface.
- This inverter might make noises during operation which may be perceived as a nuisance in a living area.
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the readability of LCD display at all times.
- For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit.
- Dusty conditions on the unit may impair the performance of this inverter.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 40°C and relative humidity should be between 5% and 85% to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation is vertical adherence.
- For proper operation of this inverter, please use appropriate cables for grid connection.
- The pollution degree of the inverter is PD2. Select an appropriate mounting location.
   Install the solar inverter in a protected area that is dry, free of excessive dust and with adequate air flow. Do NOT operate it in the place where the temperature and humidity is beyond the specific limits. (Please check the specs for the limitations.)
- The inverter should be installed in the position where the disconnection means is easily accessible.
- This inverter is designed with IP20 protection for indoor applications only.
- Regularly clean the fan filter.

#### 4-2. Mounting Unit

**WARNING!!** Remember that this inverter is heavy so please be careful when removing it from the package.

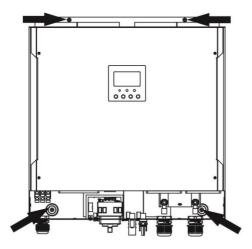
Installation to the wall should be fixed with proper screws. After that, the device should be bolted on securely.

The inverter can only operate in a CLOSED ELECTRICAL OPERATING AREA. Only service personnel can enter this area.

#### **WARNING!!** FIRE HAZARD.

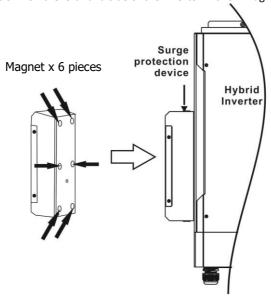
SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

Fix the unit with four screws.

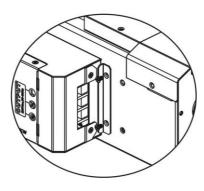


# 5. Surge Protection Device Installation

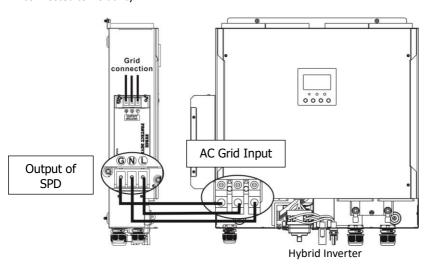
**CAUTION:** Be sure to disconnect from AC power before installing surge protection device. **Step 1:** Install the SPD on the left hand side of the inverter with six magnets.



**Step 2:** To prevent surge protection device falling apart, use supplied L-type plate and fix it to attach surge protection device tightly to the inverter.



**Step 3:** Connect the OUTPUT of SPD to AC grid connectors of Hybrid Inverter. The INPUT of SPD is connected to AC utility.



# 6. Grid (Utility) Connection

#### 6-1. Preparation

Before connecting to AC utility, please install a **separate** AC circuit breaker between surge protection device (SPD) and AC utility. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input.

**NOTE1:** Although this inverter is equipped with 250Vac/40A fuse, it's still necessary to install a separate circuit breaker for safety consideration. Please use 250Vac/40A circuit breaker between surge protection device (SPD) and AC utility.

**NOTE2:** The overvoltage category of the AC input is III. It should be connected to the power distribution.

**WARNING!** For safety and efficiency, it's very important to use appropriate cables for grid (utility) connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper cable size recommended below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wire

Model	5.5KW		
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac		
Conductor cross-section (mm²)	6		
AWG no.	10		

#### 6-2. Connecting to the AC Utility

**Step 1:** Check the grid voltage and frequency with an AC voltmeter to see if it's same as the "Vac" value on the product label.

Step 2: Turn off the circuit breaker.

**Step 3:** Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm from three conductors and shorten phase L and neutral conductor N for 3 mm. Refer to chart 1.

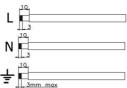
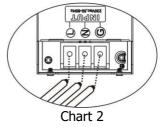


Chart 1

**Step 4:** Connect wires according to the polarities indicating on terminal block. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor **(G)** first.

L→LINE (brown or black)
N→Neutral (blue or white)
G→Ground (yellow-green)

**Step 5:** Make sure the wires are securely connected. The reference tightening torque is 1.4~1.6N.m.



# 7. PV Module (DC) Connection

CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install separately DC circuit breakers

between inverter and PV modules.

NOTE1: Please use 600Vdc/30A circuit breaker.

**NOTE2:** The overvoltage category of the PV input is II.

Please follow the steps below to implement PV module connection:

**WARNING:** Because this inverter is non-isolated, only three types of PV modules are acceptable: single crystalline and poly crystalline with class A-rated and CIGS modules.

To avoid any malfunction, do not connect any PV modules with possible current leakage to the inverter. For example, grounded PV modules will cause current leakage to the inverter. When using CIGS modules, please be sure NO grounding.

**CAUTION:** It's requested to use PV junction box with surge protection. Otherwise, it will cause damage on inverter when lightning occurs on PV modules.

**Step 1**: Check the input voltage of PV array modules. The acceptable input voltage of the inverter is 250Vdc-450Vdc (with rated load). This system is applied with two strings of PV array. Please make sure that the maximum current load of each PV input connector is 13A.

**CAUTION:** Exceeding the maximum input voltage can destroy the unit!! Check the system before wire connection.

Step 2: Disconnect the circuit breaker and switch off the DC switch.

**Step 3**: Assemble provided PV connectors with PV modules by the following steps.

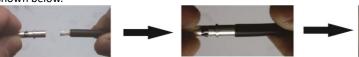
**Components for PV connectors and Tools:** 

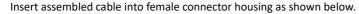
omponents for PV connectors and roots.					
Female connector housing					
Female terminal					
Male connector housing					
Male terminal					
Crimping tool and spanner					

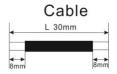
## Prepare the cable and follow the connector assembly process:

Strip one cable 8 mm on both end sides and be careful NOT to nick conductors.

Insert striped cable into female terminal and crimp female terminal as shown below.













Insert striped cable into male terminal and crimp male terminal as shown below.



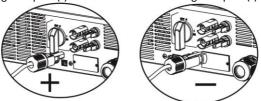
Insert assembled cable into male connector housing as shown below.



Then, use spanner to screw pressure dome tightly to female connector and male connector as shown below.



**Step 4**: Check the correctness of the polarity of connection cable on PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.



**WARNING!** For safety and efficiency, it's very important to use appropriate cables for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper cable size as recommended below.

Conductor cross-section (mm²)	AWG no.
4~6	10~12

**CAUTION: Never** directly touch the terminals of inverter. It might cause lethal electric shock.

# **Recommended Panel Configuration**

**CAUTION:** Do NOT touch the inverter to avoid electric shock. When PV modules are exposed to sunlight, it may generate DC voltage in the inverter.

Solar Panel Spec.	SOLAR INPUT 1	SOLAR INPUT 2	Q'ty of	Total Input
(reference) - 260Wp	(Min in ser Max. in seri	panels	Power	
- Vmp: 30.7Vdc - Imp: 9.18A	6pcs in serial	Х	6pcs	1,560W
- Voc: 38.9Vdc	Х	6pcs in serial	6pcs	1,560W
- Isc: 8.56A	8pcs in serial	Х	8pcs	2,080W
- Cells: 60	Х	8pcs in serial	8pcs	2,080W
Censi oo	6pcs in serial	6pcs in serial	12pcs	3,120W
	7pcs in serial	7pcs in serial	14pcs	3,640W
	8pcs in serial	8pcs in serial	16pcs	4,160W
	10pcs in serial	10pcs in serial	20pcs	5,200W
	12pcs in serial	12pcs in serial	24pcs	6,240W

# 8. Battery Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to batteries, please **separately** install a DC circuit breaker between inverter and batteries.

**NOTE1:** Please only use sealed lead acid battery, vented and Gel battery. Please check its maximum charging voltage and current when first using this inverter. If using Lithium iron or Nicd battery, please consult with installer for the details.

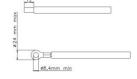
NOTE2: Please use 80Vdc/200A circuit breaker.

NOTE3: The overvoltage category of the battery input is II.

Please follow the steps below to implement battery connection:

**Step 1**: Check the nominal voltage of batteries. The nominal input voltage for inverter is 48Vdc.

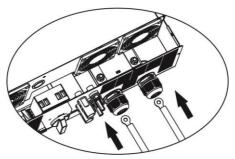
**Step 2**: Use two battery cables. Remove insulation sleeve 12 mm and insert conductor into cable ring terminal. Refer to the right diagram.



**Step 3**: Remove the cover of battery and follow the polarity of battery printed near the battery terminal! Place the external battery cable ring terminal over the battery terminal.

RED cable to the positive terminal (+);

BLACK cable to the negative terminal (-).



WARNING! Wrong connections may damage the unit permanently.

**Step 4**: Make sure the wires are securely connected. The reference tightening torque is 2.04 N.m. **WARNING!** For safety and efficiency, it's very important to use appropriate cables for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper cable size recommended as below.

Conductor cross-section (mm²)	38
AWG no.	2

# 9. Load (AC Output) Connection

**CAUTION:** To prevent extra supply to the load via the inverter during any mode of operation, an additional disconnection device should be placed on in the building wiring installation.

**WARNING!** For safety and efficiency, it's very important to use appropriate cable for AC connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper cable size recommended as below.

Model	5.5KW		
Nominal Grid Voltage	230Vac		
Conductor cross-section (mm <sup>2</sup> )	6		
AWG no.	10		

Step 1: Remove insulation sleeve 8 mm for three conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm. Refer to Diagram 3.

Step 2: Connect wires according to the polarities indicated on terminal block. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ☐ ) first. Refer to Diagram 4.



Diagram 3

# L→LINE (brown or black)

→ Ground (yellow-green)

N→Neutral (blue or white)

**Step 3**: Make sure the wires are securely connected. The reference tightening torque is 1.4~1.6N.m.



Diagram 4

**CAUTION:** It's only allowed to connect load to "AC Output Connector". Do NOT connect the utility to "AC Output Connector".

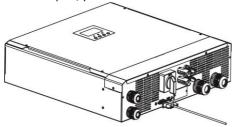
**CAUTION:** Be sure to connect L terminal of load to L terminal of "AC Output Connector" and N terminal of load to N terminal of "AC Output Connector". The G terminal of "AC Output Connector" is connected to grounding of the load. Do NOT mis-connect.

**CAUTION:** This inverter is not allowed to operate in parallel. Please do NOT connect more than one unit in parallel in AC output connector. Otherwise, it will damage this inverter.

#### 10. Communication

The inverter is equipped with RS232 port, USB port and a slot for alternative communication interfaces in order to communicate with a PC via corresponding software. This intelligent slot is suitable to install with SNMP card and Modbus card. Follow the procedure below to connect communication wiring and install the software.

For RS232 port, you should use a DB9 cable as below:



For USB port, you should use a USB cable as below:



For SNMP or MODBUS card, you should use RJ45 cables as below:



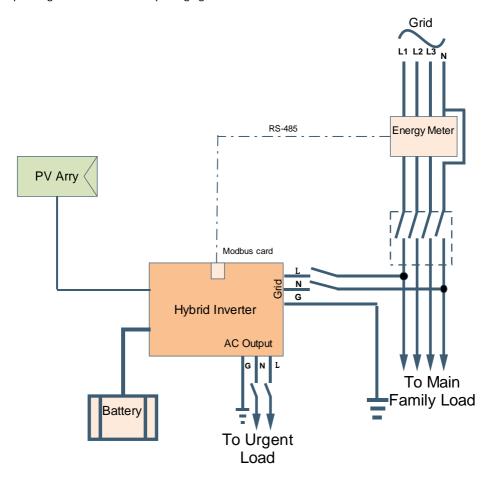
Please install monitoring software in your computer. Detailed information is listed in next chapter. After software is installed, you may initialize the monitoring software and extract data through communication port.

# 11. Application with Energy Meter

With Modbus card II and energy meter, hybrid inverter can be easily integrated into the existing household system. For details please refer to Modbus card II manual.

Note: This application is only valid for Grid-Tie with Backup II mode.

Equipped with Modbus card II, hybrid inverter is connected to energy meter with RS485 communication port. It's used to set up self-consumption function via Modbus card to control power generation and battery charging of the inverter.



# 12. Commissioning

**Step 1**: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Ensure the inverter is firmly secured
- Check if the open circuit DC voltage of PV module meets the requirement (Refer to Section
   6)
- Check if the voltage of the open circuit utility is approximately as same as the expected nominal value from local utility company.
- Check if connection of AC cable to grid (utility) is correct if the utility is required.
- Fully connect to PV modules.
- Check if AC circuit breaker (only applied when the utility is required), batter circuit breaker, and DC circuit breaker are installed correctly.

**Step 2**: Switch on the circuit breaker of battery and then switch on PV DC breaker. After that, if there is any connection with utility, please switch on the AC circuit breaker. At this moment, the inverter is already turned on. However, there is no output generation from loads. Then:

- If LCD lights up to display the status of current inverter, commissioning has been completed successfully. After pressing "ON" button for 1 second when the utility is detected, this inverter will start to supply power to the loads. If no utility exists, simply press "ON" button for 3 seconds. Then, this inverter will start to supply power to the loads.
- If an error occurs to this inverter, a warning/fault indicator will appear on LCD display. Please inform your installer.

**Step 3**: Please insert CD into your computer and install monitoring software on your PC. Follow the steps below to install the software.

- 1. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the software.
- 2. When your computer restarts, the monitoring software will appear as shortcut icon located in the system tray, near the clock.

**NOTE:** If using modbus card as communication interface, please install bundled software. Check local dealer for the details.

# 13. Initial Setup

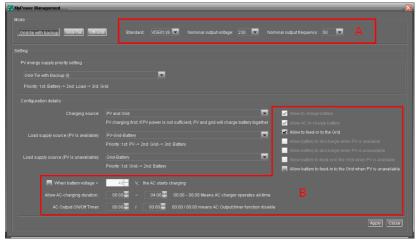
Before inverter starts to operate, it's required to set up "Operation Mode" via software. Please strictly follow the steps below to set up. For more details, please refer to software manual.

**Step 1**: After turning on the inverter and installing the software, please click "Open Monitor" to enter main screen of this software.

Step 2: Log in the software first by entering the default password "administrator."

**Step 3**: Select Device Control>>MyPower Management to set up inverter operation mode and personalized interface. Refer to diagram below.





#### Mode

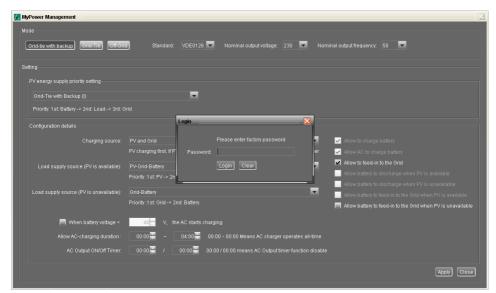
There are three operation modes: Grid-tie with backup, Grid-Tie and Off-Grid.

- Grid-tie with backup: PV power can feed back to grid, provide power to the load and charge battery. There are four options available in this mode: Grid-tie with backup I, II, III and IV. In this mode, users can configure PV power supply priority, charging source priority and load supply source priority. However, when Grid-tie with backup IV option is selected in PV energy supply priority, the inverter is only operating between two working logics based on defined peak time and off-peak time of electricity. Only peak time and off-peak time of electricity are able to set up to optimize electricity usage.
- Grid-Tie: PV power can only feed back to grid.
- Off-Grid: PV power can only provide power to the load and charge battery but can't feed back to grid.

#### SECTION A:

Standard: It will list local grid standard. To make any modification, you're requested to have factory password. Please check local dealer only when this standard change is requested.

**CAUTION:** Wrong setting could cause damage to the unit or not working.



Nominal Output Voltage: 230V. Nominal Output Frequency: 50HZ.

#### SECTION B:

This section contents may be different based on different selection of operations.

Allow AC charging duration: It's a period of time to allow AC (grid) to charge battery. When the duration is set as 0:00-00:00, it means no time limitation for AC to charge battery.

AC output ON/Off Timer: Set up on/off time for AC output of inverter. If setting it as 00:00/00:00, this function is disabled.

Allow to charge battery: This option is automatically determined by setting in "Charging source". It's not allowed to modify here. When "NONE" is selected in charging source section, this option becomes unchecked in grey text.

Allow AC to charge battery: This option is automatically determined by setting in "Charging source". It's not allowed to modify here. When "Grid and PV" or "Grid or PV" is selected in charging source section, this option is default selected. In Grid-tie mode, this option is invalid.

Allow to feed-in to the Grid: This option is only valid under Grid-tie and Grid-tie with backup modes. Users can decide if this inverter can feed-in to the grid.

Allow battery to discharge when PV is available: This option is automatically determined by setting in "Load supply source (PV is available)". When "Battery" is higher in priority than "Grid" in Load supply source (PV is available), this option is selected in default. Under Grid-tie, this option is invalid.

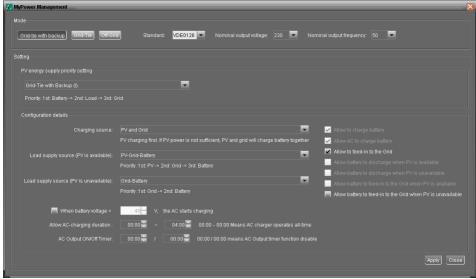
Allow battery to discharge when PV is unavailable: This option is automatically determined by setting in "Load supply source (PV is unavailable)". When "Battery" is higher in priority than "Grid" in Load supply source (PV is unavailable), this option is selected in default. In Grid-tie mode, this option is invalid.

Allow battery to feed-in to the Grid when PV is available: This option is only valid in Grid-tie with backup II or Grid-tie with backup III modes.

Allow battery to feed-in to the Grid when PV is unavailable: This option is only valid in all options of Grid-tie with backup mode.

#### Grid-tie with backup

Grid-tie with backup (I):



PV energy supply priority setting: 1st Battery, 2nd Load and 3rd Grid.

PV power will charge battery first, then provide power to the load. If there is any remaining power left, it will feed-in to the grid.

#### Battery charging source:

1. PV and Grid (Default)

It's allowed to charge battery from PV power first. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.

2. PV only

It is only allow PV power to charge battery.

3. None

It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's from PV power or grid.

#### Load supply source:

When PV power is available: 1st PV, 2nd Grid, 3rd Battery

If battery is not fully charged, PV power will charge battery first. And remaining PV power will provide power to the load. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

When PV power is not available:

1. 1st Grid, 2nd Battery (Default)

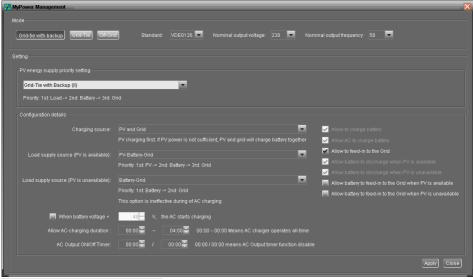
Grid will provide power to the load first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.

2. 1st Battery, 2nd Grid

Battery provide power to the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will support load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1st Grid and 2nd Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

Grid-tie with backup (II):



PV energy supply priority setting: 1st Load, 2nd Battery and 3rd Grid.

PV power will provide power to the load first. Then, it will charge battery. If there is any remaining power left, it will feed-in to the grid.

### Battery charging source:

1. PV and Grid

It's allowed to charge battery from PV power first. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.

2. PV only

Only PV power is allowed to charge battery.

3. None

It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

#### Load supply source:

When PV power is available:

1. 1st PV. 2nd Battery. 3rd Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery will provide power to the load. When battery is running out power or not available, grid will back up the load.

2. 1st PV. 2nd Grid. 3rd Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up the load.

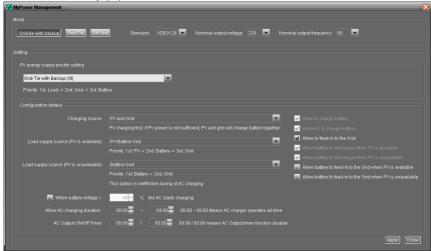
When PV power is not available:

1. 1st Grid, 2nd Battery: Grid will provide power to the load first. If grid is not available, battery will provide power backup.

2. 1st Battery, 2nd Grid: Battery will provide power to the load first. If battery is running out power, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Same as Grid-tie with backup (I).

Grid-tie with backup (III):



PV energy supply priority setting: 1st Load, 2nd Grid and 3rd Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If there is more PV power available, it will feed-in to the grid. If feed-in power reaches the max. feed-in power setting, the remaining power will charge battery.

**NOTE:** The max. feed-in grid power setting is available in parameter setting. Please refer to software manual.

#### Battery charging source:

- 1. PV and Grid: It's allowed to charge battery from PV power first. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.
- 2. PV only: PV power is only allowed to charge battery.
- 3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

#### Load supply source:

When PV power is available:

1. 1st PV, 2nd Battery, 3rd Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will provide power to the load. When battery power is running out or not available, grid will back up the load.

2. 1st PV. 2nd Grid. 3rd Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up the load.

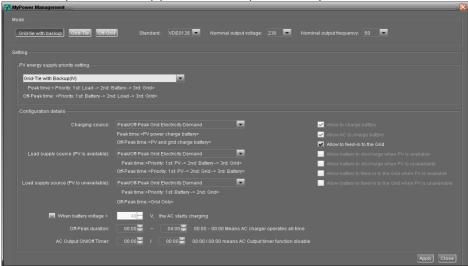
#### When PV power is not available:

- 1. 1st Grid, 2nd Battery: Grid will provide power to the load first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
- 2. 1st Battery, 2nd Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Same as Grid-tie with backup (I).

#### Grid-tie with backup (IV):

Users are only allowed to set up peak time and off-peak electricity demand.



#### Working logic under peak time:

PV energy supply priority: 1st Load, 2nd Battery and 3rd Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If PV power is sufficient, it will charge battery next. If there is remaining PV power left, it will feed-in to the grid. Feed-in to the grid is disabled in default.

Battery charging source: PV only

Only after PV power fully supports the load, the remaining PV power is allowed to charge battery during peak time.

Load supply source: 1st PV, 2nd Battery, 3rd Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If PV power is not sufficient, battery power will back up the load. If battery power is not available, grid will provide the load. When PV power is not available, battery power will supply the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

#### Working logic under off-peak time:

PV energy supply priority: 1st Battery, 2nd Load and 3rd Grid

PV power will charge battery first. If PV power is sufficient, it will provide power to the loads. The remaining PV power will feed to the grid.

**NOTE:** The max. feed-in grid power setting is available in parameter setting. Please refer to software manual.

Battery charging source: PV and grid charge battery

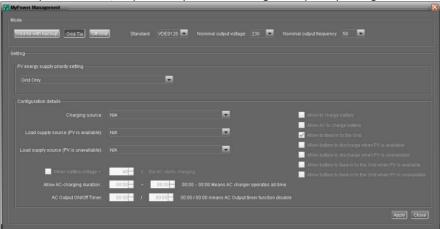
PV power will charge battery first during off-peak time. If it's not sufficient, grid will charge battery.

Load supply source: 1st PV, 2nd Grid, 3rd Battery

When battery is fully charged, remaining PV power will provide power to the load first. If PV power is not sufficient, grid will back up the load. If grid power is not available, battery power will provide power to the load.

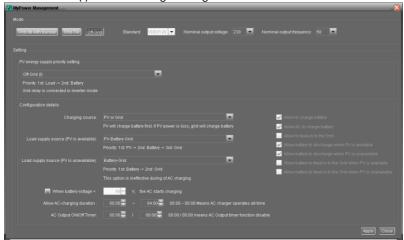
#### **Grid-Tie**

In this operation mode, PV power only feeds in to the grid. No priority setting is available.



#### Off-Grid

Off-Grid (I): Default setting for off-grid mode.



PV energy supply priority setting: 1st Load, 2nd Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first and then charge battery. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed in this mode. At the same time, the grid relay is connected in Inverter mode. That means the transfer time from inverter mode to battery mode will be less than 15ms. Besides, it will avoid overload fault because grid can supply load when connected load is over 5KW.

#### Battery charging source:

- 1. PV or Grid: If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery. (Default)
- 2. PV only: It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
- 3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

#### Load supply source:

When PV power is available:

1. 1st PV, 2nd Battery, 3rd Grid (Default)

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will provide power to the load. When battery is running out or not available, grid will back up the load.

2. 1st PV, 2nd Grid, 3rd Battery

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up.

When PV power is not available:

1. 1st Grid, 2nd Battery

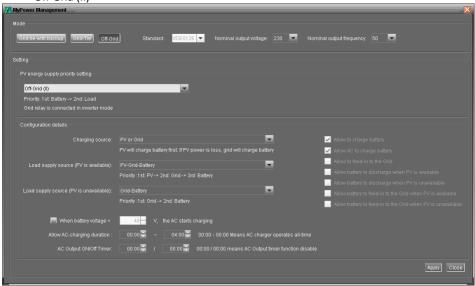
Grid will provide power to the load first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.

2. 1st Battery, 2nd Grid (Default)

Battery power will provide power to the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

### Off-Grid (II)



PV energy supply priority setting: 1st Battery, 2nd Load

PV power will charge battery first. After battery is fully charged, if there is remaining PV power left, it will provide power to the load. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed under this mode. At the same time, the grid relay is connected in Inverter mode. That means the transfer time from inverter mode to battery mode will be less than 15ms. Besides, it will avoid overload fault because grid can supply load when connected load is over 5KW.

#### Battery charging source:

- 1. PV or Grid: If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery.
- 2. PV only: It is only allow PV power to charge battery.
- 3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

**NOTE:** It's allowed to set up AC charging duration.

#### Load supply source:

When PV power is available: 1st PV, 2nd Grid, 3rd Battery

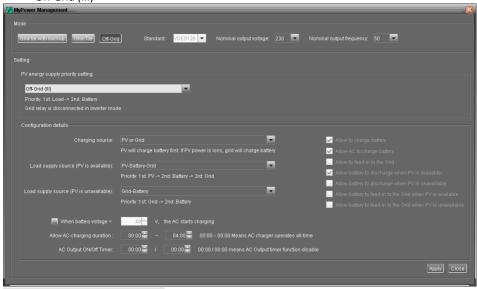
PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, grid will provide power to the load. If grid is not available at the same time, battery power will back up the load.

### When PV power is not available:

- 1. 1st Grid, 2nd Battery: Grid will provide power to the load first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
- 2. 1st Battery, 2nd Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

### Off-Grid (III)



PV energy supply priority setting: 1st Load, 2nd Battery

PV power will provide power to load first and then charge battery. Feed-in to the grid is not allowed in this mode. The grid relay is NOT connected in Inverter mode. That means the transfer time from inverter mode to battery mode will be about 15ms. If connected load is over 5KW and grid is available, this inverter will allow grid to provide power to the loads and PV power to charge battery. Otherwise, this inverter will activate fault protection.

#### Battery charging source:

- 1. PV or Grid: If there is remaining PV power after supporting the loads, it will charge battery first. Only until PV power is not available, grid will charge battery.
- 2. PV only: PV power is only allowed to charge battery.
- 3. None: It is not allowed to charge battery no matter it's PV power or grid.

**NOTE:** It's allowed to set up AC charging duration.

#### Load supply source:

When PV power is available: 1st PV, 2nd Battery, 3rd Grid

PV power will provide power to the load first. If it's not sufficient, battery power will back up the load. Only after battery power is running out, Grid will back up the load.

When PV power is not available:

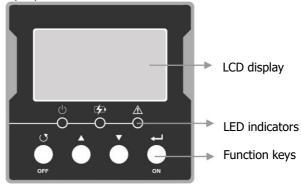
- 1. 1st Grid, 2nd Battery: Grid will provide power to the load first. If grid is not available, battery power will provide power backup.
- 2. 1st Battery, 2nd Grid: Battery power will provide power to the load first. If battery power is running out, grid will back up the load.

**NOTE:** This option will become ineffective during AC charging time and the priority will automatically become 1<sup>st</sup> Grid and 2<sup>nd</sup> Battery order. Otherwise, it will cause battery damage.

# 14. Operation

### **Operation and Display Panel**

The operation and display panel, shown in the diagram below, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



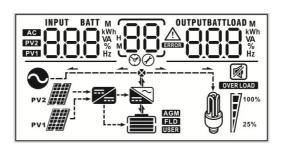
#### **LED Indicator**

LED Indicator			Messages	
ds	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.	
0	Green	Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.	
		Solid On	Battery is fully charged.	
<b>5</b>	Yellow	Flashing	Battery is charging.	
$\wedge$	Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.	
<u> </u>		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.	

## **Function Keys**

Function Key	Description			
O <sub>/OFF</sub>	To exit setting mode			
<b>A</b>	To go to previous selection or decrease value in setting mode			
	Enter setting mode			
	To go to next selection or increase value in setting mode			
•	Enter setting mode			
/ON To confirm the selection in setting mode or turn on AC output				

## **LCD Display Icons**



Icon	Function			
Input source infor				
AC	Indicates the AC input			
PV1	Indicates the 1st PV panel input			
PV2	Indicates the 2 <sup>nd</sup> PV	/ panel input		
Left digital display	information			
INPUT BATT M  AGE	Indicate input volta voltage, charger cu		, battery voltage, PV1	voltage, PV2
Middle digital disp	lay information			
88	Indicates the settin	g programs.		
88A	Indicates the warning and fault codes.  Warning: Flashing with warning code			
	Fault: display	with fault co	ode	
Right digital displa	y information			
OUTPUTBATTLOAD M KWH VA % Hz	Indicate the output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load VA, load W, PV1 charger power, PV2 charger power, DC discharging current.			
Battery informatio	n			
	Indicates battery le status.	vel by 0-24%, 25-49	9%, 50-74% and 75-10	00% and charging
Load information				
OVER LOAD	Indicates overload.			
<b>™</b> [■7100%	Indicates load level	by 0-24%, 25-49%,	50-74%, 75-100%.	
	0%~24%	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%
25%	/	<b>;</b> /	7	7
Mode operation in	formation			
$\odot$	Indicates unit conn	ects to the mains.		
PV1	Indicates unit connects to the 1st PV panel			
PV2	Indicates unit connects to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> PV panel			
<b>=</b>	Indicates the solar charger is working			
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.			
Mute operation				
	Indicates unit alarm is disabled.			

### **LCD Setting**

After pressing and holding "A" or "V" button for one second, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "A" or "V" button to select setting programs. And then, press "V" button to confirm the selection or "V" button to exit.

\*IMPORTANT: It's requested to enter password in the setting program with \*. It will show in the screen. Please press "a" or "button to change showing numbers. The password is "000". Press "abutton to confirm password numbers.

Program	Description	Selectable option		
		Grid-tied with Backup I  Grid-tied with Backup II  Grid-tied with Backup III	Mode 1 PV priority: Battery >> Load >> Grid Mode 2 PV priority: Load >> Battery >> Grid Mode 3	
01	Operation mode	Grid-tied with Backup IV	PV priority: Load >> Grid >> Battery  Mode 4 PV priority (peak time): Load >> Battery >> Grid. PV priority (Off-peak time): Battery >> Load >> Grid	
		Grid-tied with Backup V  Grid-tied only	Mode 5 PV priority (Grid is high): Load >> Battery >> Grid  Mode 6	
		ON 392	PV priority: Grid-tied only  Mode 7 PV priority: Load >> Battery	
		Solar and Utility  Solar and Utility  (default)	Solar energy and AC will charge together	
02	Charger source priority	Only Solar	Only charge by Solar energy	
		None None	Charger disabled	
03	Load Supply Source	03 SbU (default)	PV >> Battery >> Grid	
		U၌ <u>506</u>	PV >> Grid >> Battery	
04	AC Charger	AC charge enabled	AC charger disabled	

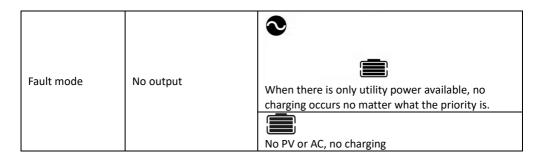
		OY_ACE_ (default)	04 <u>869</u>
05	Feed-in to the grid	Feed-in to Grid disable	Feed-in to Grid enabled  FIE (default)
06	Battery Feed-in the grid	Battery discharge enabled    Battery discharge enabled enabled enabled enabled   Battery discharge enabled ena	Battery discharge disabled    Object
07	AC Charger ON timer	Default 00:00	AC charger from 00:00 to 23:00
08	AC Charger OFF timer	Default 00:00 □B ⊕Ø	Stop AC charger from 00:00 to 23:00
09	AC Output ON timer	Default 00:00	AC output on from 00:00 to 23:00
0A	AC Output OFF timer	Default 00:00 □A □□ '	AC output off from 00:00 to 23:00
11	Regulation standard * (*It's required to enter password)	00: VDE	01: AS4777
12	Nominal output volt. * (*It's required to enter password)	208V 12 208 <sup>v</sup> 230V 12 230 <sup>v</sup> (default)	220V  2 220° 240V  2 240°
13	Nominal output freq. * (*It's required to enter password)	I∂ 50 Hz (default)	13 <u>60 №</u>
21	Max. feed-in grid power	2 <sub>0</sub> 1 <u>5.5</u> ™	Default 5500W, 0-5.5KW

22	Max. charging current	<u> 60</u>	Default 60A, 5~60A
23	Max. AC charging current	2 <u>3</u> <u>60</u>	Default 60A, 5~60A
24	Bulk charging voltage	24 <u>50*</u>	Default 56.0V, 50~62V
25	Floating charging voltage	2 <u>\$ 50*</u>	Default 54V, Range 50~62V
26	Stop discharge voltage when grid unavailable	2 <u>6</u> 40,	Default 42V, Range 40~51V
27	Stop discharge voltage when grid available	2 <u>}</u> 40'	Default 48V, Range 40~51V
28	Start discharge voltage when grid available	2 <u>8</u> 42*	Default 54V, Range 42~62V
29	Start discharge voltage when grid unavailable	2 <u>\$</u> 42*	Default 54V, Range 42~62V
2A	Max. battery discharging current in hybrid mode	28 <u>125</u>	Default 150A, 20~150A
2B	Generator compatible	Enabled  Control  Con	Disabled (default)
2C	LCD backlight sleep timer	Backlight on	Default 60s, Range 0~100s
2D	Alarm control	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off    Column   Column
31	Real time setting – Minute		Default 00, Range 00 ~ 59
32	Real time setting – Hour	32 <u>00</u>	Default 00, Range 00 ~ 23
33	Real time setting – Date		Default 01, Range 01 ~ 31
34	Real time setting – Month	 T@	Default 01, Range 01 ~ 12
35	Real time setting – Year	35 0	Default 16, Range 16 ~ 99

Operating Mode D		LCD diamless
Operating	Behaviors	LCD display
Standby mode (*Charge mode)	No output power, solar or utility charger available	Only utility power available, charger priority is OSO, no charging.  Only utility power available, charger priority is not OSO, charged by utility power.  Only PV available, charged by PV power. *  Only PV available, charged by PV power. *  Utility power and PV available, charger priority is SNU, feed to grid disable or PV energy no remain power to feed to grid, charging by utility and PV.  Utility power and PV available, charger priority is not SNU, feed to grid disable or PV energy is not enough to charge battery, charging by PV  Utility power and PV available, feed to grid is

	T	T
		enabled and PV energy is larger and it charges
		battery,
		1. PV charge battery.
		2. Remain energy feed to grid.
		No chausing
		No charging.
		Only utility power available, charger priority is OSO. **  1. No charging. 2. SUB or SBU&&Battery not high to discharge, no discharge. 3. Utility power provides power to the load.
Grid mode	Output power from	Only utility power available, charger priority is not OSO, SUB or SBU&&battery not high to discharge.  1. AC charging the battery.  2. Utility power provides power to the load.
(**Bypass mode)	utility. Charger available	25%
		Only utility power available, SBU&&battery is high
		enough to discharge,
		1. Battery discharge, no charging.
		2. Battery and utility power provide power to
		the load.
		PV1
		PV and utility power available, PV doesn't charge
		battery.
		1. No charging.

		2. PV provides power to the load.
		3. PV feeds energy to the grid.
		<b>A</b> 1 <sup>-</sup>
		₩ [7.7aggy
		100%
		PV1
		PV and utility power available, PV energy is well
		enough to charge battery and provide energy to
		load, feed to grid is enabled and it has enough
		power to feed to grid  1. PV charges the battery.
		<ol> <li>PV charges the battery.</li> <li>PV provides power to the load.</li> </ol>
		3. PV feeds energy to the grid.
		3. I v iccus chergy to the grid.
		r-→ -→ -→ -→ -→
		PV1
		PV and battery supply power to the load
		PV1
		PV supply power to the load, and remaining energy
	0	charges the battery
Battery mode	Output power from battery or PV	100%
		PV is not available, and battery supplies power to
		the load
		25%
		When utility power is available, the utility icon will show.



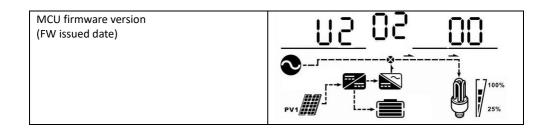
#### **Select Displays**

The LCD display will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched in order as: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage, charging current, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, and load in Watt. If no button be pressed in 1 min, it will return to default display.

Selection	LCD display
Input voltage and output voltage	OUTPUT  OUTPUT  OUTPUT  OUTPUT  OUTPUT  OUTPUT
Input frequency and output frequency	INPUT OUTPUT  SO SO Hz  PV1  100%  PV1  100%  25%
Battery voltage and output voltage	BATT OUTPUT

Battery voltage and load percentage	BATT LOAD %
Battery voltage and load VA	BATT LOAD
	PV1 100%
Battery voltage and load W	BATT LOAD KW
	PV1 100%
PV1 voltage and PV1 input power	158 kw
	PV1 100%
PV2 voltage and PV2 input power	158 kW
	PV2 1100%

	<u></u>
Charging current	INPUT BATT  BATT  A
	PV1
PV energy (by day)	<u> </u>
	PV1 100%
PV energy (in total)	RLL <u>6.3</u> kwh
	PV1 100%
Real Date	<u>07</u> 14
	PV1 25%
Real time	_   ]
	PV1 100%
DSP firmware version (FW issued date)	UI_0I00_
	PV1



15. Charging Management

Charging Parameter	Default Value	Note
Charging current	60A	It is adjustable via software from 5Amp to 60Amp.
Floating charging voltage (default)	54.0 Vdc	It is adjustable via software from 50Vac to 62Vdc.
Max. absorption charging voltage (default)	56.0 Vdc	It is adjustable via software from 50Vac to 62Vdc.
Battery overcharge protection	64.0 Vdc	
Charging process based on default setting.  3 stages:  1st – max. charging voltage increases to 56V;  2nd - charging voltage will maintain at 56V until charging current is down to 12 Amp;  3rd- floating charging is at 54V.	Bulk Voltage Float Voltage  Bulk	Absorption Floating time

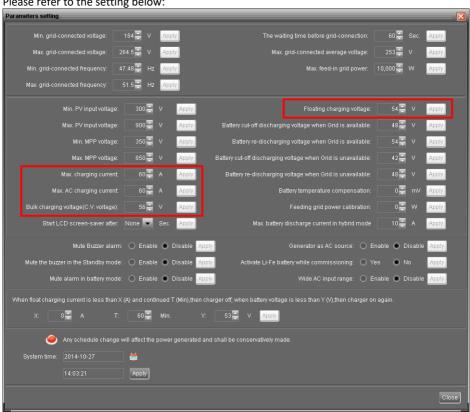
This inverter can connect to following battery types: sealed lead acid battery, vented battery, gel battery and lithium battery. The detailed installation and maintenance explanations of the external battery pack are provided in the manual of the manufacturer's external battery pack.

If using sealed lead acid battery, please set up the max. charging current according to the formula below:

The maximum charging current = Battery capacity (Ah) x 0.2

For example, if you are using 300 Ah battery, then, maximum charging current is 300 x 0.2=60 (A). Please use at least 50Ah battery because the settable minimum value of charging current is 10A. If using AGM/Gel or other types of battery, please consult with installer for the details.

Please refer to the setting below:



# 16. Maintenance & Cleaning

Check the following points to ensure proper operation of the whole solar system at regular intervals

- Ensure all connectors of this inverter are cleaned all the time.
- Before cleaning the solar panels, be sure to turn off PV DC breakers.
- Clean the solar panels during the cool time of the day, whenever it is visibly dirty.
- Periodically inspect the system to make sure that all wires and supports are securely fastened in place.

**WARNING**: There are no user-replaceable parts inside the inverter. Do not attempt to service the unit by yourself.

# **Battery Maintenance**

- Servicing of batteries should be performed or supervised by personnel with knowledge about batteries and the required precautions.
- Replace the batteries with the same type and number of batteries or battery packs.
- The following precautions should be observed when working on batteries:
  - a) Remove watches, rings, or other metal objects.
  - b) Use tools with insulated handles.
  - c) Wear rubber gloves and boots.
  - d) Do not lay tools or metal parts on top of batteries.
  - e) Disconnect charging source prior to connecting or disconnecting battery terminals.
  - f) Determine if battery is inadvertently grounded. If inadvertently grounded, remove source from ground. Contact with any part of a grounded battery can result in electric shock. The likelihood of such shock can be reduced if such grounds are removed during installation and maintenance (applicable to equipment and remote battery supplies without a grounded supply circuit).

**CAUTION**: A battery can present a risk of electric shock and high short-circuit current.

**CAUTION**: Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. The batteries may explode.

**CAUTION**: Do not open or mutilate batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the

skin and eyes. It may be toxic.

# 17. Trouble Shooting

When there is no information displaying in the LCD, please check if PV module/battery/grid connection is correctly connected.

**NOTE:** The warning and fault information can be recorded by remote monitoring software.

## 17-1. Fault code reference

	Situation	6.1.11
ERROR	Fault Event	Solution
01	DC bus voltage exceeds the upper threshold	Disconnect AC circuit breaker first. Then, disconnect DC circuit breaker.
02	DC bus voltage falls below the lower threshold	Until LCD screen completely shuts down, turn on DC breaker first. It will show "No Utility" in LCD
03	DC bus voltage soft-start is time- out	screen. Then, turn on AC breaker. After 300 seconds, the system will automatically connect to
04	Inverter soft-start is time-out	the grid.
05	An Inverter overcurrent event is detected	If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
07	An relay failure event is detected	
08	DC component in the output current exceeds the upper threshold	
11	Over-current on PV input is detected	
14	Inverter DC component exceeds the allowable range	
16	Leakage current CT failed	
06	Over temperature fault	The internal temperature is higher than specified temperature.  Leave inverter to cool down to room temperature.  If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
09	PV input voltage exceeds the upper threshold	Check if the open circuit voltage of PV modules is higher than 500Vdc.  If PV open circuit voltage is less than 500Vdc and the error message remains, pelase contact your installer.
10	Auxiliary power* failed *Auxiliary power means switch power supply.	Turn off the inverter. Then, restart the inverter. If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
12	Leakage current exceeds the allowable range	The ground voltage is too high. Please disconnect AC breaker first and then DC

	T	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		breaker. Check if grounding is connected properly after LCD screen completely shuts down.  If grounding is correctly connected, turn on DC brearker. After it displays "No Utility" in LCD screen, turn on AC breaker. After 300 seconds, the system will automatically connect to the grid.  If the error message still remains, please contact your installer.
13	PV insulation resistance is too low	Check if the impedance between positive and negative poles to the ground is greater than $1M\Omega$ . If the impedance is lower than $1M\Omega$ , please contact your installer.
15	A difference occurred in the readings from the main and secondary controllers	Please disconnect AC breaker first and then disconnect DC breaker.  After LCD screen is completely off, turn on DC
17	Communication with the main and secondary controllers is interrupted	breaker. Until it shows "No Utility" in LCD display, turn on AC breaker. After 300 seconds, the system will automatically connect to the grid.
20	Discharge circuit fault	If error message remains, please contact your
21	Soft start in battery discharge fails	installer.
22	Charging voltage is too high	Check if the connection between battery and inverter is good. Make sure battery condition is ok. Then, restart the inverter. If error message remains, please contact your installer.
23	Overload fault	Remove exessive loads. Be sure the total power consumption of the connected loads are less than that of the maximum which this inverter can support. Then, restart the inverter.
24	Battery disconnected	Check if battery cable is connected firmly. If error message remains, please contact your installer.
25	Inverter current is too high for a long time	Remove exessive loads. Then, restart the inverter.
26	Short circuited on inverter output	Turn off the inverter.  Disconnect AC circuit breaker first. Then, disconnect DC circuit breaker and then disconnect the loads.  Please check if load circuit is ok. After removing the error, turn on the PV DC breaker and battery breaker.  Turn on the inverter. If error message remains, please contact your installer.

27	Fan fault	Please check if fans are running ok.
		If fans are running ok, please shut down inverter
		first and then restart it.
		If fans stop running or error message remains
		after restart the inverter, please contact your
		installer.
28	OP Current Sensor fault	Shut down the inverter completely.
		Restart the inverter to see if it's ok.
		If error message still remains, please contact
		your installer.
29	Charger failure	Shut down the inverter completely.
		Restart the inverter to see if it's ok.
		If error message still remains, please contact
		your installer.
30	Version mismatch between	Shut down the inverter completely.
	controller board and power	Restart the inverter to see if it's ok.
	board	If error message still remains, please contact
		your installer.
31	Reverse connection of input and	Shut down the inverter completely.
	output wires	Check if grid wires are connected to AC output
		terminals. If mis-connected, re-connect it
		correctly. And turn on the inverter again. If error
		message still remains, please contact your
		installer.

# 17-2. Warning Reference Codes

for reference.

When a warning event occurs, the icon will flash as a reminder. See warning codes below

Situation		
$\triangle$	Warning Event	Solution
02	Internal EEPROM failed	Restart the unit again. If problem still exists, please contact your installer.
04	Battery low	Recharge or replace the battery
07	Overload	Try to reduce the applied load
17	Battery open	Re-connect the battery
20	Over temperature	Check the ventilation around the unit Try to reduce the load Check if fans run normally

# 18. Specifications

10. Specifications	F0DFF0DV 200U 40
MODEL	FSP552PV-230H-48
RATED POWER	5,500 W
PV INPUT (DC)	
Maximum DC Power	6,500 W
Nominal DC Voltage	360 Vdc
Maximum DC Voltage	500 Vdc
Working DC Voltage Range	120 Vdc ~ 500 Vdc
Start-up Voltage / Initial Feeding Voltage	116 Vdc / 150 Vdc
MPP Voltage Range	120 Vdc ~ 450 Vdc
Full Load MPP Voltage Range	250 Vdc ~ 450 Vdc
Maximum Input Current	2*13 A
GRID OUTPUT (AC)	
Nominal Output Voltage	230 Vac
Output Voltage Range	184 - 265 Vac
Output Frequency Range	47.5 ~ 51.5 Hz or 59.3~ 60.5Hz
Max. Output Current	23.9 A
AC INPUT	•
AC Start-up Voltage	120-140 Vac
Auto Restart Voltage	180 Vac
Acceptable Input Voltage Range	170 - 280 Vac
Nominal Frequency	50 Hz / 60 Hz
AC Input Power	5,500VA/5,500W
Maximum AC Input Current	40 A
BATTERY MODE OUTPUT (AC)	
Nominal Output Voltage	230 Vac Pure sine wave
Output Frequency	50 Hz / 60 Hz (auto sensing)
Output Power	5,500VA/5,500W
Efficiency (DC to AC)	93%
BATTERY & CHARGER (Lead-acid/Li-ion)	
DC Voltage Range	40 – 63 Vdc
Nominal DC Voltage	48 Vdc
Maximum Battery Discharging Current	150 A
Maximum Charging Current	60 A
GENERAL	•
PHYSICAL	
Dimension, D x W x H (mm)	110 x 450 x 445
Net Weight (kgs)	16
INTERACE	
Communication Port	RS-232/USB
Intelligent Slot	Optional SNMP, Modbus, AS-400
ENVIRONMENT	
Humidity	0 ~ 90% RH (No condensing)
Operating Temperature	-10 to 40°C
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